

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

CAMELBAK PRODUCTS, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company,

Case Number: 3:15-cv-906-PSG

Plaintiff,

VS.

OSPREY PACKS, INC., a Colorado corporation.

**STIPULATION & ORDER RE:
DISCOVERY OF ELECTRONICALLY
STORED INFORMATION FOR PATENT
LITIGATION**

Defendant:

Upon the stipulation of the parties, the Court ORDERS as follows:

1. This Order supplements all other discovery rules and orders. It streamlines

Electronically Stored Information (“ESI”) production to promote a “just, speedy, and inexpensive determination of this action, as required by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure

2. This Order may be modified in the Court's discretion or by stipulation. The parties shall jointly submit any proposed modifications within 30 days after the Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 16 Conference.

3. As in all cases, costs may be shifted for disproportionate ESI production requests pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26. Likewise, a party's nonresponsive or dilatory discovery tactics are cost-shifting considerations.

4. A party's meaningful compliance with this Order and efforts to promote efficiency and reduce costs will be considered in cost-shifting determinations.

5. The parties are expected to comply with the District's E-Discovery Guidelines ("Guidelines") and are encouraged to employ the District's Model Stipulated Order Re: the Discovery of Electronically Stored Information and Checklist for Rule 26(f) Meet and Confer regarding Electronically Stored Information.

1 6. General ESI production requests under Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 34 and 45
2 shall not include email or other forms of electronic correspondence (collectively “email”). To
3 obtain email parties must propound specific email production requests.

4 7. Email production requests shall only be propounded for specific issues, rather than
5 general discovery of a product or business.

6 8. Email production requests shall be phased to occur after the parties have exchanged
7 initial disclosures and basic documentation about the patents, the prior art, the accused
8 instrumentalities, and the relevant finances. While this provision does not require the production
9 of such information, the Court encourages prompt and early production of this information to
10 promote efficient and economical streamlining of the case.

11 9. Email production requests shall identify the custodian, search terms, and time frame.
12 The parties shall cooperate to identify the proper custodians, proper search terms and proper
13 timeframe as set forth in the Guidelines.

14 10. Each requesting party shall limit its email production requests to a total of three
15 custodians per producing party for all such requests. The parties may jointly agree to modify this
16 limit without the Court’s leave. The Court shall consider contested requests for additional
17 custodians, upon showing a distinct need based on the size, complexity, and issues of this
18 specific case. Cost-shifting may be considered as part of any such request.

19 11. Each requesting party shall limit its email production requests to a total of five search
20 terms per custodian per party. The parties may jointly agree to modify this limit without the
21 Court’s leave. The Court shall consider contested requests for additional search terms per
22 custodian, upon showing a distinct need based on the size, complexity, and issues of this specific
23 case. The Court encourages the parties to confer on a process to test the efficacy of the search
24 terms. The search terms shall be narrowly tailored to particular issues. Indiscriminate terms, such
25 as the producing company’s name or its product name, are inappropriate unless combined with
26 narrowing search criteria that sufficiently reduce the risk of overproduction. A conjunctive
27 combination of multiple words or phrases (*e.g.*, “computer” and “system”) narrows the search
28 and shall count as a single search term. A disjunctive combination of multiple words or phrases

(e.g., “computer” or “system”) broadens the search, and thus each word or phrase shall count as a separate search term unless they are variants of the same word. Use of narrowing search criteria (e.g., “and,” “but not,” “w/x”) is encouraged to limit the production and shall be considered when determining whether to shift costs for disproportionate discovery. Should a party serve email production requests with search terms beyond the limits agreed to by the parties or granted by the Court pursuant to this paragraph, this shall be considered in determining whether any party shall bear all reasonable costs caused by such additional discovery.

12. Nothing in this Order prevents the parties from agreeing to use technology assisted review and other techniques insofar as their use improves the efficacy of discovery. Such topics should be discussed pursuant to the District’s E-Discovery Guidelines.

IT IS SO STIPULATED, through Counsel of Record.

Dated: June 12, 2015 /s/ Steven M. Wilker

Counsel for Plaintiff

Dated: June 12, 2015 /s/ Geoffrey M. Godfrey

Counsel for Defendant

IT IS ORDERED that the forgoing Agreement is approved.

Dated:

Paul S. Grewal
United States Magistrate Judge

1 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

2 I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing STIPULATION & ORDER
3 RE: DISCOVERY OF ELECTRONICALLY STORED INFORMATION FOR PATENT
4 LITIGATION was electronically filed with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system,
which will automatically send e-mail notification of such filing to all attorneys of record.

5 DATED: June 12, 2015.

6 By /s/ Steven M. Wilker
7 Steven M. Wilker,
8 Attorney for Plaintiff

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